claimed to be a Peer, Prince of Ireland; to be allowed to appear at the Coronation Prince accordingly. Festival in the Hall, &c. Claim of Lord Chief Baron Alexander, but referred to any with the any service about the regalia.

The Petition of the Lord Mayor and Corporation of London to be allowed to perform their services by deputation, was allowed. A similar Petition from the University of Oxford was also allowed.

Three Petitions from the Duke of Bedford, S. Whitbread, Esq. and another, claiming to be Almoners to his Majesty on the Coronation, were next considered. The Court allowed the claims of the Duke of Bedford, and of Mr. Whitbread, but disallowed that of the other Gentleman.

The claim of the Duke of Montrose, to be allowed to have the care of the silver scullery, was, after some consideration by the Court, referred to the King in Council.

The claim of Mr. Soames, to be allowed to hold the towel and basin, and to have the ewer for his services, was allowed.

The claim of John Campbell, to be the King's Waterer, was allowed.

The claim of the Duke of Hamilton, as Esquire of Angus, to be allowed to carry the Crown of Scotland at the ceremony, was disallowed.

The Court rose at three o'clock, and was adjourned by Proclamation until Saturday the 16th.

The Duke of York is to go to Ireland with the King.

His Majesty is sufficiently recovered from his late attack of gout to take an airing. His Majesty left town this morning in his travelling carriage for Windsor.

His Royal Highness Prince Leopold has postponed his intended visit to the Continent.

A rumour was last night in circulation in the west end of the town, and has found its way into a Paper of this morning, that Lord Harrowby, Viscount Melville, and Viscount Sidmouth, had resigned. Mr. Canning was mentioned as the successor of Lord Melville at the Admiralty. We have not been able to discover any authority for the report: and need not say, that nothing could be less expected at the present moment than such an event.

The Asia arrived yesterday in the Downs, from China.

The Emperor and Empress of Austria arrived, on the 24th of May, at their Palace of Schoenbrunn, from Laybach.

Prince de Metternich is appointed Chancellor of State in Austria.

Twelve Thousand Austrians have embarked to garrison Palermo, Messina and Syracuse.

A Greek squadron has passed the Dardanelles.

The Pacha of Morea has threatened destruction to the British Commerce, if the English Government do not prohibit the exportation of arms from the Ionian Isles to the Greeks.

Lavalette arrived in Paris on Monday, to visit his affectionate wife, who is confined in a Lunatic Asylum.

Yesterday, at the Old Bailey, Captain Disney was tried and acquitted, for maltreating Ann Bunting, of which she died in the month of October last. Peter George Patmore, Esq. second in the duel between Mr. Scott and Mr. Christie, in which the former was killed, was also acquitted, there being no prosecution.—Twenty-six were found guilty of forging Bank of England Notes.

In the Court of Common Pleas, Miss Budd, daughter of the Treasurer of the Richmond Theatre, was awarded £100, to be paid by Mr. Duggin, hatter, in Newgate-street, for breach of promise of marriage.

On Friday last, John Musson, Thomas Starr, William Heald Ludlow, John Savage, Onley Harvey, John Frederick Foster, Peter Erle, and George Burmester, were called to the Bar and the Honourable Society of the Middle Temple.

Captain Charles Andrews, of the Dorset Militia, and Captain John Maughan, of the Royal Marines, are Candidates for the office of Master of the Ceremonies at Weymouth, in the room of Mr. Rodber, resigned.

The town of Gloucester contains 9771 inhabitants.

Two persons were killed at Shrewsbury, on Wednesday, by the falling of a house next the Theatre.

Three naval seamen were killed yesterday near Hythe in an engagement with smugglers.

Lord Monson fell from his horse near Burton-hall, and is dangerously wounded.

Haymaking has commenced generally through England.

DUBLIN—JUNE 11.

Mr. Sheriff-Elect Whelan, has purchased a beautiful pair of thorough-bred horses for his carriage, from the Marquis of Sligo for 160 guineas. He has also purchased the splendid house of the Lord Mayor-Elect (Alderman James) in Cavendish-row, for £300 during his year of office.

On Friday, four men, executing a law process, between Caher and Ardfinnan, Co. Tipperary, were fired on by a party of ruffians.

Large exportations of marble chimney-pieces from the manufactory of Mr. Blake, of Merlin-park, have taken place within these few days at Galway, for England.

A Mail will in future leave Dublin for Cork at half-past three in the afternoon.

Bankrupt Law.—In the draft of the new bill there is a clause declaring that no offer of composition shall be entertained for less than 5s. in the pound, without the consent of every creditor who has proved his debt, the object of which is, to induce persons in business to cease trading as soon as their affairs are in a desperate condition.

LIMERICK—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13.

The King's Coronation is fixed to take place on Thursday the 19th July.

The Lord Bishop of Cloyne and Right Hon. Lord Massey, have arrived in London.

Lord and Lady Audley, General Travers, Lord Kinsale, and Sir Edward Denny, have arrived at Cheltenham.

Lords Kilmorey and Decies are allowed their claims to vote for Irish Representative Peers.

BARBAROUS AND UNPRECEDENTED MURDER

It is our painful duty, this day, to record one of the most atrocious, horrid, and unprecedented murders that has occurred in this or any country for centuries.

Our readers recollect the attack which was made some short time since on the house of John Torrance, Esq. at Cannigan, in the Liberties of this City, and the brave and effectual resistance which he made on that occasion, solely aided by his amiable and affectionate wife, a resistance which drew round them both public and private expressions of thanks and admiration.

In a short time after that attack Mr. Torrance left Cannigan, having taken the farm of Montella Hill from the Hon. W. Quin, which is situated within a mile of Adare, in the County Limerick. On this farm he was making some improvements, but did not reside there, having taken lodgings in the village while these were going on, and returned each evening by a short cut or pathway through the fields.

On Sunday, Mr. Torrance and his wife dined at the farm, and on returning to Adare, a little after eight o'clock, were met at a stone gap (which divided the path-way from the end of a narrow bye-road,) by two men dressed in tight frize coats; one of these fellows handed a letter to Mr. Torrance, and while he was in the act of looking at the superscription, the other ruffian gave him a blow of a large stone in the back of the head.

At that moment, Mrs. Torrance, who was leaning on the left arm of her husband, shrieked, and caught hold of the assassin; he struggled with her some time, and both fell; and while she lay on the ground, he inflicted two mortal wounds with a sharp instrument—one, about two inches above, and the other about the like distance under the left breast, which passed through the lungs, penetrated her heart, and caused almost instant death.

While this scene of barbarity was proceeding, the other assassin was contending with Mr. Torrance to effect a like purpose; and they seem to have had a desperate conflict. From the stone gap where the attack was first made, to the ground where Mr. Torrance was left by them as dead, appears to be about 100 yards—all that distance he fought with the fellow, still retiring into the hollow of the field, and during which he gave him several blows in the face and legs, with an ash stick, which he wrested from the assassin's hands in the first instance, but, unfortunately, in making a desperate blow at his legs, in order to disable him totally, the stick was broken in two, and he became unarmed! At that moment, Mr. Torrance was knocked down by the second ruffian; and, while on the ground, a wound of about six inches deep was inflicted in his left side, and another in his neck, by a bayonet; after which, one of the fellows said, "*Come away, Tom, we have done enough*," and then retired across the flat grounds towards the Shannon.

When Mr. Torrance found they had gone off, though greatly fatigued in the conflict, and weakened by loss of blood, he scrambled on his legs; and, perceiving the cows lowing and surrounding the body of his wife, he lifted her in his arms, and placed her in a corn-field, which was divided from the murderous scene by a loose stone wall of about three feet high; there he left her, and endeavoured to make his way towards Adare. On reaching the high road, (which is about three hundred yards from the spot where the murder was committed,) he got into the house of John Switzer, where, after relating the circumstance, he fainted, and continued so for some time.

Switzer having procured assistance, went to the place where Mrs. Torrance's body lay, and had it conveyed to the house of William Eaton, in Adare.

Mr. Torrance was also removed with care to his lodgings in the house of Mr. John Reynard, where he had the instant attendance of Doctor Griffin.

A messenger was instantly dispatched to Limerick for Dr. Thwaites, who arrived at an early hour next morning, and dressed his wounds (thirteen in number, besides bruises): and we are rejoiced to learn from Mr Thwaites's report last night, that he is as well as can be expected, and has hopes of his recovery.

When the account reached town on Monday morning, nothing could exceed the horror and dismay apparent in every countenance. Numbers of respectable citizens immediately proceeded to Adare to ascertain the truth, and learn all the particulars of this horrid scene—indeed, there were many inclined not to believe that such barbarity could have taken place, but, unfortunately, they were soon convinced.

Mr. Going, Police Magistrate, attended at the bed-side of Mr. Torrance, about ten o'clock on Monday morning, and took his informations, which embrace some of the above particulars. In describing the fellows, he states them to be stout, strong men, (one particularly so,) both about five feet seven inches high, and appeared to be of the working class.

An Inquest was held at twelve o'clock on the body of Mrs. Torrance, by John Cox, Esq. Coroner. The evidence before them was that of the finding of the body by John Dee and Tobias Switzer; the reading of Mr. T.'s information, by Mr. Going; and the testimony of Dr. Thwaites as to the cause of her death. He was necessitated, at the suggestion of the Coroner, and by the requisition of the Jury, to open the body to ascertain that fact, and he found the wounds to have taken the direction as above described; in doing so, near two quarts of blood, which had flowed from the heart, was taken from the chest. The verdict of the Jury was Wilful Murder against persons unknown.

Mr. Going, Mr. Cuthbert, Sub-Sheriff, Colonel Dickson, Mr. Monsell, Mr. Rose, Mr. Tuthill, Mr. Fosbery, Mr. Adamson, and several other Gentlemen, were employed during the day in devising modes of ascertaining some clue to the perpetrators of this most atrocious act. The Police and Yeomanry were under arms, and scouting parties of both were dispatched in all directions. On approaching the residence of one suspected person in the neighbourhood of Clounanna, we are informed, that a man ran from the house, betook himself to a river, over which he swam, and, under the cover of some high ground at the opposite side, escaped; the Police were not sufficiently near to ascertain who he was, but on coming to the water side, discovered the clothes which he had left there.

It is a remarkable circumstance, that Mr. Torrance was in the habit each day of taking pistols with him, since the first attack at Cannigan, and that it was only the day previous he disburthened himself of them.

It is also stated, that his servant man, or person whom he employs at the farm, came with them to the bounds of the field where the affair took place, in order to accompany them home, being armed with a blunderbuss; and Mr. Torrance considering himself quite near to the high road, desired the man to return, as he saw no necessity for his coming any further, it being so early in the evening and quite light.—This circumstance, however, we have been told did not occur, as Mr. T. was asked the question and denied it.

On searching the field, the scabbard of a carbine bayonet was found, together with what is called a quarter-ash wattle.

Mrs. Torrance's clothes were considerably torn, and some of them distributed great distances from each other, which shews that she must have had a long struggle with the assassin, before he accomplished her destruction. Mr. Torrance is of opinion that she knew the fellow, and gave him reason to think so from some expressions, which induced him not to quit her till her death was effected. His clothes were also torn to pieces; the coat and waistcoat were literally in strips.

At the time the murder was committing, some persons on horseback were approaching the Turnpike, two of whom had passed through, and ...ing out to the Pike-man to shut the gate in order to create some amusement, (it is believed casually and without any other motive) caused a great noise, which unfortunately had the effect of drowning the shrieks of Mrs. Torrance, which otherwise must have been heard there, as the distance across the fields cannot be more than about two hundred yards.

The shutters of all the principal shops in this City were closed during the entire of Monday, as a mark of respect towards Mrs. Torrance; and her remains were brought into town at an early hour yesterday morning and interred in the Family Vault, at St. Munchin's Church, attended by many respectable persons. There was a general feeling of regret that a sufficient notice had not been given of the time of interment, in order that every person should have an opportunity of accompanying the remains (and particularly under such lamentable circumstances) of so deeply-regretted a lady.

She was the daughter of the late Benjamin Unthank, Esq. a most respectable Merchant.

We cannot close without lamenting the stain this act has inflicted on the national character;—that a Gentleman, fair and upright in his dealings, mild and conciliatory in his manners, and a public benefactor to the working classes of his neighbourhood, should have been marked as the victim of a relentless hostility, and why?—because he would not surrender his arms to a lawless banditti—because he had spirit and firmness not to be accessary to their nightly misdoings.—That Mrs. Torrance should equally share in their resentment is also a subject of melancholy reflection—her heart and her house accessible to the wants and afflictions of the poor—her closet their dispensary.

Rewards amounting to near six hundred Pounds have already been subscribed: Lists for that purpose having been instantly opened at the Club House, Commercial Buildings, Limerick Institution, Post-Office, and at this Office, where they still continue, and shall be published in our next.

We understand that a Committee, consisting of Gentlemen of both County and City, will be immediately formed, for the purpose of apportioning the subscriptions, which are to be subdivided as occasion may require, for rewarding persons giving private information.

The following further particulars were sent us, and they differ in some points from the above statement:

When Mr. and Mrs. T. approached the stone gap, only one of the men came over the wall and handed Mr. T. a letter, upon looking at which he heard his wife scream, and turning about received a blow of a stone in the face, which stunned him, but did not knock him down; he then attacked the ruffian, who, finding himself likely to be worsted, called to his companion to come to his assistance, who immediately leaped over the wall, armed with a quarter-ash stick, and separated Mrs. Torrance from her husband. In the scuffle she wrested the stick from the murderer's hand and threw it to Mr. Torrance, who maintained a long conflict, until the stick breaking disarmed him, and he was then so much wounded by bayonets and stones that he lay for dead, as did also his wife after receiving her mortal wounds; when one fellow called to the other saying, "Tom, come away there is enough." Perceiving that they had gone over the wall, Mrs. T. got up and ran over to her husband asking him if he was killed; he said I am not, but I am afraid you are; no said she, but I am very faint, and leaned upon his arm, until they got to the wall, where she sunk down, never to rise again. He then lifted her on the wall and got her into a corn field at the opposite side, and went to Switzer's house for assistance.

Mrs. Torrance received four wounds, two in the chest and two in the head; those in the head were flesh wounds, but both of the others which were inflicted with a bayonet, penetrated the chest, the upper one went thro' her left breast between the ribs, penetrating the lungs and heart, of which she died in a few minutes. Mr. Torrance received thirteen wounds with a bayonet, and one with a flat instrument, like a knife; one of the bayonet wounds penetrated his left side, running under the ribs about six inches, and wounding the lungs.

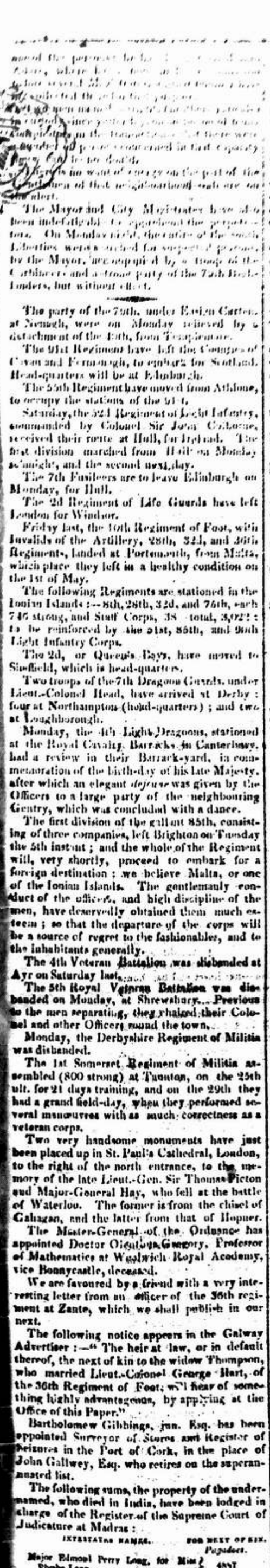
Mr. Torrance has observed, that after his wife had received the mortal wound, he never saw her run so fast for about thirty yards.

Two o'Clock.

"Mr. Torrance passed a good night, and is as well as can be expected."

"J. S. THWAITES."

We are just informed that a man named Thomas Horrigan has been arrested by Mr. Going's Police, who answers the description of



...ment the prisoner be ...

...Adare, where he ...

...to have served Mr. T. ...

...suspected the actual murderer.

...upon name ...

...since yesterday ...

...in the neighbourhood. It is there were ...

...suspicion connected in that capacity ...

...Cut be no doubt.

...is no want of energy on the part of the ...

...men of that neighbourhood and are on the alert.

The Mayor and City Magistrates have also been indefatigable in apprehending the perpetrators. On Monday night, the entire of the south Liberties were searched for suspected persons, by the Mayor, accompanied by a troop of the Carbineers and a strong party of the 7th Light Lancers, but without effect.

The party of the 79th, under Evelyn Cotton, at Nenagh, were on Monday relieved by a detachment of the 16th, from Templemore.

The 91st Regiment have left the Counties of Cavan and Fermanagh, to embark for Scotland. Head-quarters will be at Edinburgh.

The 55th Regiment have moved from Athlone, to occupy the stations of the 91st.

Saturday, the 52d Regiment of Light Infantry, commanded by Colonel Sir John Colborne, received their route at Hull, for Ireland. The first division marched from Hull on Monday se'nnight, and the second next day.

The 7th Fusileers are to leave Edinburgh on Monday, for Hull.

The 2d Regiment of Life Guards have left London for Windsor.

Friday last, the 10th Regiment of Foot, with Invalids of the Artillery, 28th, 32d, and 36th Regiments, landed at Portsmouth, from Malta, which place they left in a healthy condition on the 1st of May.

The following Regiments are stationed in the Ionian Islands:—8th, 28th, 32d, and 76th, each 746 strong, and Staff Corps, 38—total, 3,022: to be reinforced by the 21st, 35th, and 90th Light Infantry Corps.

The 2d, or Queen's Bays, have moved to Sheffield, which is head-quarters.

Two troops of the 7th Dragoon Guards, under Lieut.-Colonel Head, have arrived at Derby: four at Northampton (head-quarters); and two at Loughborough.

Monday, the 4th Light Dragoons, stationed at the Royal Cavalry Barracks in Canterbury, had a review in their Barrack-yard, in commemoration of the birth-day of his late Majesty, after which an elegant *dejeune* was given by the Officers to a large party of the neighbouring Gentry, which was concluded with a dance.

The first division of the gallant 85th, consisting of three companies, left Brighton on Tuesday the 5th instant; and the whole of the Regiment will, very shortly, proceed to embark for a foreign destination: we believe Malta, or one of the Ionian Islands. The gentlemanly conduct of the officers, and high discipline of the men, have deservedly obtained them much esteem; so that the departure of the corps will be a source of regret to the fashionables, and to the inhabitants generally.

The 4th Veteran Battalion was disbanded at Ayr on Saturday last.

The 5th Royal Veteran Battalion was disbanded on Monday, at Shrewsbury. Previous to the men separating, they chaired their Colonel and other Officers round the town.

Monday, the Derbyshire Regiment of Militia was disbanded.

The 1st Somerset Regiment of Militia assembled (800 strong) at Taunton, on the 25th ult. for 21 days training, and on the 29th they had a grand field-day, when they performed several manœuvres with as much correctness as a veteran corps.

Two very handsome monuments have just been placed up in St. Paul's Cathedral, London, to the right of the north entrance, to the memory of the late Lieut.-Gen. Sir Thomas Picton and Major-General Hay, who fell at the battle of Waterloo. The former is from the chisel of Gahagan, and the latter from that of Hopner.

The Master-General of the Ordnance has appointed Doctor Olinthus Gregory, Professor of Mathematics at Woolwich Royal Academy, vice Bonnycastle, deceased.

We are favoured by a friend with a very interesting letter from an officer of the 36th regiment at Zante, which we shall publish in our next.

The following notice appears in the Galway Advertiser:—"The heir at law, or in default thereof, the next of kin to the widow Thompson, who married Lieut.-Colonel George Hart, of the 36th Regiment of Foot, will hear of something highly advantageous, by applying at the Office of this Paper."

Bartholomew Gibbings, jun. Esq. has been appointed Surveyor of Stores and Register of Seizures in the Port of Cork, in the place of John Galtwey, Esq. who retires on the superannuated list.

The following sums, the property of the undernamed, who died in India, have been lodged in charge of the Register of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras:

INTESTATES NAMES.	FOR NEXT OF KIN. Pagodas.
Major Edmond Perry Long, for Miss Phœbe Long,	4887
Surgeon Reay,	1117
Seymour Walter,	58
Mr. John Ross,	19,933
Lieut. George,	58
Serjeant Thomas Russell,	272
Major Meuth,	1987
Charles Jenkins,	647
Serjeant Burns,	35
Lieutenant Coane,	115
Lieutenant Joseph Franks,	300
Frederick Gahagan, Esq. for Miss Lucy Gahagan,	21,159
Lieutenant George Monk Hope,	1503
Captain Bellingham,	2287
Major-General Collins,	21,501
Lieutenant William Brore,	852
Colonel Edward O'Reilly,	32,304
Mr. David Gang, for his sister, Mrs. Anderson,	19,974
John George Mason,	2316
Lieutenant William Ellis,	2323
Lieutenant-Colonel A. Campbell,	415
Mr Richard Ackers,	1008
Mr. Thomas Hunter,	93
Lieutenant John Yodges Logan,	854
Lieutenant John Watson,	281
Edward Cox,	73,373
Lieutenant-Colonel Thompson,	17,785
Major Hugh O'Donnell,	9956
Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Wilson,	188,405

...ment of the Fever Commission ...

...Fever Commission ...

...Fever Hospital has already received ...

...Country, in the neighbourhood of ...

The fair of Clare, on Saturday, was rather thinly attended. A few sales of sheep or lean cattle were effected, and the prices were considerably low. Some store cattle were purchased at from the prices to six guineas.

On Sunday night, [illegible] robbery took place on the road leading to Castlemaine, were broken into and robbed of a quantity of articles connected with the manufacture of Dragoons.

On Monday night, Thomas Hehir, clerk to Mr. Swanton's establishment, and Mr Mordaunt's establishment, Cork, only one arm, were attacked on the road leading to Ballinaturig, about ten o'clock, by four men, who beat them most unmercifully with sticks, from the effects of which they still continue in a very dangerous state.

The General Goldie schooner, with oats from Waterford to Liverpool, is lost at sea, with the crew.

Committed, to the County Jail, by William Morrell, Esq. Mr Lord Power, for robbery; by Vickers Peacocke, Esq. William Bourke, for pulling down a house by night at Fanningstown. There is also a committal on said Bourke, by Alderman Watson, for breaking into the house of the Widow Kennedy, and carrying off her daughter Mary Kennedy, without her consent.

County Kerry Sessions.—At Killarney, on the 11th, and Tralee, on the 21st of July.

County Tipperary Sessions.—At Nenagh, on the 11th, and Clonmel, on the 23d of July.

CURRAGH JUNE MEETING, 1821.

SATURDAY JUNE 9.

Sweepstakes, 25 Guineas, 19 ft. for Hunters, to which Racers were admitted. Three years' old course.

Mr. Caldwell's Pearl,	1
Mr. Ardrew's Courier, c.	2
Mr. Prendergast's Potrin, c.	3
Mr. Hunter's b. h.	4

THE MARKETS.

Market Prices this day—Wheat 1s 3d to 1s 4d per stone; Oats, 3d; Barley, 7d.; Flour, 32s. to 34s. per bag; Oatmeal, 10s to 10s 6d per cwt; Potatoes, 2d per stone; Pork, 5s 6d to 6s per cwt; Beef, 4d to 5d; Mutton, 4d.; Butter, 84s 80s, 76s, 68s, 54s 48s, per cwt.

Returns of Corn and Grain sold in Limerick last week:

Barrels.		Cost.	Average.
154	Wheat, ...	£192 14 9	.. £1 5 0½
187	Barley, ...	75 0 5	.. 0 0
788	Oats, ...	342 13 9	.. 0 6½

Total quantity of Corn received from 1st September, 1820, to 13th June, 1821.

132,282 barrels Wheat—53,288 barrels Barley—353,906 barrels Oats.

EXPORTS.

Restoredor, St. Ubes, 54 firkins butter, E. Ryan and Sons; 80 puncheons whiskey, John Browne.

Helen, Liverpool, 516 barrels oats, 400 do. wheat, Robert Rodger.

Friends of Liberty, Shoreham and Rye, 350 firkins butter, Timothy Ryan; 350 firkins ditto, 1½ tons bladdered lard, William White.

Mary Anne, Miramachee, 18,000 bricks, Mullock and Graham: 1 pipe brandy, P. Murphy; 100 passengers.

Lord Dundas, Glasgow, 1033 barrels oats, Bannatyne and Co.

Rambler, Liverpool, 400 barrels wheat, Bannatyne and Co. 300 do. do. Wright and Ewart; 65 barrels pork, W. M. White; 4 barrels rosnets, 13 bags feathers, J. and A. F. O'Neill; 45 barrels tongues, John Kelly and Co.

Britannia, Greenock, 1100 barrels oats, 184 do. wheat, 90 tons oatmeal, 30 bags flour, J. Ferguson and Co.

Clonmel Markets on Saturday—Butter, 85s. 60s. 75s—Oatmeal, 10s. to 10s. 6d. per cwt.—Flour, 33s, 27s. 18s. per bag—Wheat, 1s 3d—Oats, 7d to 8d—Potatoes, 2d per stone.—Whiskey, 10s. 6d. per gallon.

Prices of Butter in Cork on Monday.

Merchants, ...	90s.	86s.	76s.	60s.	56s.
Country, ...	78s.	74s.	64s.	54s.	60s.

Dublin Corn Exchange, June 9.

This Market went off briskly, and higher prices demanded for every thing. Wheat, 26s to 32s. per barrel. Barley for grinding, 10s; Oats for feeding, 10s to 12s; Oats for grinding or export, 9s to 10s; Malt, 30s to 36s. First Flour, 20s to 22s per cwt. Oatmeal, 9s to 12s.

London Corn Exchange, June 8.

Our market continues abundantly supplied with Wheat, for which there is but little demand; and although a few samples of superior quality obtained Monday's prices, all other descriptions were offered at an abatement of 2s. per quarter, without being able to effect sales. The Oat trade was heavy, but not cheaper than on Monday. Fine hard Beans are 1s. per quarter dearer, having but few at market. In other articles no alteration.

Extract of a Diary of the Weather for May, 1821.

Thermometer—Highest 61.—Lowest 35.

Barometer—Highest 31.—Lowest 25.

Weather—Days cloudy, with rain, 18—days cloudy, with sun-shine, 6—days cloudy, with thunder, 3—days of general sun-shine, and hoar frost in morning, 11.

Wind—From S. E. to N. W.—In general N. E. and E.

Quantity of Rain—1 inch 3-10ths.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT Mr. JAMES KELLY, of Rutland-street, Limerick, is appointed Agent to the ALBION FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of London, for the City of Limerick and its Vicinity, and is authorised to receive proposals for Fire and Life Insurances, and transact all business relative to the said Company in that District.

JOHN KINGSTON JAMES,
Agent to the Company for Ireland.

ALBION FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

New Bridge-Street, And No. 9, Rutland Square, Blackfriars London, Cavendish Row, Dublin.

EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT,

For Insurance from Fire, and on Lives, and for the grant and purchase of Annuities.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION, STERLING.

The System of *Fire Insurance*, pursued by this Company, affords every advantage which such a security can yield.

The advantages of Life Insurance are numerous; and, in that and in every department of the Business, the Company's arrangements are attended with all possible convenience and dispatch.

Persons insured by this Company, and who suffer loss, will receive a full indemnity for such loss, to the amount of the Insurance, without deduction or discount; and persons insured will in no instance be subject to calls, to assist in making good the losses of others, as in Contribution Societies.

Printed proposals and rates may be had, Insurances effected, and every information obtained, by applying to

JAMES KELLY,
Agent to the Company for Limerick,
RUTLAND-STREET.

13th June, 1821.